

Recommended

Not Recommended

X Do Not use



An introduction to pH

pH is a measurement of the concentration of hydrogen ions (H^{+}) in a substance. The scale it is measured on runs from 0 to 14.

A reading of 7 is neutral, below this is acidic and above this is alkaline or basic.

Electrode Cables

If you are using an electrode which has an S7 screw top you may also need a cable to connect it to your meter. The part numbers for these are;

1147028 S7 to BNC 1147027 S7 to DIN

Adapter Cables An adapter cable will allow you to use an electrode with a BNC connection on a meter that requires a DIN connection; 1161706 BNC to DIN adapter

Electrode Care and Maintenance

Between uses your electrode should be stored in a 3.0M KCl (potassium chloride) solution. An electrode storage bottle will help ensure that the electrode tip is not damaged and that the solution doesn't evaporate over time.

1161708 Electrode storage bottle 1111609 pH electrode storage solution 500ml

Calibration

Electrodes should be calibrated using pH buffer to ensure they are reading accurately. A 3 point calibration at pH 4, 7 and 10 is most common, but check the manual of your pH meter to see what it requires. See our range of pH buffers <u>here</u>.

What do the different electrode types mean?

There are a variety of different types of electrode available to fit different applications. Electrodes may have any combination of these features to make them suitable for specific samples.

Double Junction – these electrodes have an additional salt bridge to prevent reactions between the electrode fill solution and your sample which would otherwise cause damage to the electrode junction. They are required to test samples that contain proteins, heavy metals or sulphides.

Liquid Junction – A liquid junction electrode creates a junction with a thin film of filling solution at the tip of the probe. They usually have a pump function to allow you to create a fresh junction for every use. They do need refilling regularly but offer the best performance increasing lifetime, accuracy and speed of response.

Flat – the end of these electrodes is perfectly flat so a reading can be taken from the surface of a solid sample. These may be used for measuring fabrics, biological tissues or pastes.

Spear Tip – the pointed tip of these electrodes mean you can pierce solid samples to take a reading. Typical applications include meat, cheese or soil.

EpoxyToughTM – these electrodes are filled with gel rather than traditional liquid filled models, so you do not need to refill them.

Micro – this small, slim electrode means that you can test when you have only a small amount of sample, or your sample is in a small container.

Questions?

Can't see your application here, or unsure of what you need?

If you need any further information or advice on your pH reading application contact our technical support team; support@camlab.co.uk